Negative Pressure Wound Therapy (NPWT) Referral Assessment

Date					Patient	Name						
BRN						5						
Date o		(dd/mm/yy				WOUND						
Physician/Wound Care Specialist, please check to indicate type of wound and indicate patient has met eligibility criteria — Patient must meet eligibility criteria before provision of NPWT by Home and Community Support Services ESC												
- F	atient m	iust meet eli	gibility criteria	before provision (of NPW1 by	Home and	d Community Support	: Services ES	SC			
				Services ESC will p	ovide NPW	T for a ma	<u>ximum</u>	AGREE				
		of 10 week		NALICT.		FUCIDILITY	,					
TYPE	OF WO	UND	ELIGIB	BILITY CRITERIA		MUST BE COMPLETED FOR ELIGIBILITY Indicate pressure relieving devices in use						
	Pressure ulcer		Pressure mus	t be offloaded		·						
	Diabetic foot ulcer		Patient blood sugar is being monitored/controlled Wound must be offloaded			State blood sugar						
						State offloading device						
	Venous leg ulcer		Must be in co	ompression		State type of compression system:						
	Arterial ulcer		ABPI must be =/>0.5 or vascular assessment complete			State ABPI						
						Vascular	studies complete	Yes	No			
	Surgical		Must be oper	n surgical wound		Type of surgery						
	Pilonidal sinuses		Must be offloaded when patient is sitting/lying			Indicate pressure relieving devices in use						
	Other					State type of wound						
Wound	Measure	ements and	Description			•						
Length	l		cm x widt	th cr	n x Dep	th	cm					
Undermining: Tunneling:									3			
Expect	ed thera	py goals:			healing in		weeks					
Without NPWT, how long would this/these wound(s) take to heal (approx.) weeks												
Indicat	e what t	he frequenc	y would be for	conventional dres	ssing change	es:						
C	DD	BID	TID	Q days O	ther:							
	Wound	ds must have	e the following	criteria to be eligi	ble for NPW	/T therapy	:					
	-			three times a day	(TID) dressi	ng change:	S					
Acute wounds/traumatic wounds												
Surgical wounds												
Stage III to IV Pressure Ulcers of recent occurrence												
Dehisced wounds Output Dehis to the state of the s												
 Diabetic foot ulcers following surgical procedures or sharp debridement with viable tissue (where ABPI =/> 0.5.) Arterial insufficiency (where ABPI =/>0.5.) 												
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Patient Name BRN No NPWT therapy contraindications exist: Presence of necrotic tissue (wound must be debrided so that at least 80% of base contains healthy Nutritional status is not adequate to support healing. (e.g. Braden nutritional score < 3, Nutritional compromise with serum albumin <35 g/dl, or pre-albumin level <16 mg/dl.) Severe excoriation or peri-wound An unexplored fistula to organs or body cavities (other than chronic enteric fistulas) Unresolved, untreated osteomyelitis and any infection that is untreated prior to application Malignancy or cancer in wound margins Unresolved bleeding following debridement Exposed blood vessels and/or organs Patient experiencing difficult homeostasis after debridement ABPI must be =/>0.5 or vascular assessment complete Precautions have been addressed: Sharp fragments of bone must be removed prior to initiation of NPWT Exposed tendons, ligaments and nerves must be covered with meshed non-adherent material before the NPWT dressing is applied Patient receiving anticoagulants with stable INRs Not experiencing active bleeding oranemia Immunodeficient disease, for example Leukemia, HIV Haematologic disorders well-controlled Diabetes or hypertension well-controlled No current abuse of drugs or alcohol Systemic steroids If the location of the wound interferes with the therapy by preventing a sustainable seal of the drape, the NPWT will be discontinued Discontinuation Criteria: NPWT will be d/c if any of the following exist: When there is no measurable progress to wound healing within two weeks When there is not 20-40 percent reduction in the size of the wound within three to four weeks The wound has healed such that the foam no longer fits the wound The goals for healing have been met If any of the following occur: bleeding, bruising, unmanaged pain in response to the therapy, an occlusive seal cannot be achieved, the patient does not comply with the treatment regime, or the wound deteriorates. The Physician/WCS has assessed that NPWT is safe to use for this patient YES NO NPWT TREATMENT PLAN – Identify treatment type, dressing type, size, and delivery required:

Patient Name					BRN				
Device Required:	ActiVAC	SNAP (125 mmHg)			Nanova (125 mmHg)				
ActiVAC dressing:	Granufoam Black	Small		Лedium		arge	Quantity per week		
	Whitefoam	Small		edium	La	arge	Quantity per week		
	Granufoam Silver	Small	Medium		La	arge	Quantity per week		
	Canister (300 ml)						Quantity per week		
Settings:	Continuous	Intermittent					mmHg		
SNAP dressing:	1 per week	10x1	.0cm	15x15cm			Bridge drsg		
Nanova dressing:	3 per week	18x14cm		18x18cm		28x18cm			
Other NPWT items	required:								
Provide alternate wound dressing treatment should the NPWT need to be interrupted or discontinued:									
Best Practice OR:									
Name of Facility/Provider:									
Physician/Wound Care Specialist:									

Home and Community Care Support Services ESC will provide NPWT for a maximum treatment time of 10 weeks

